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(Original Signature of Member)

119TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

**H. R.** \_\_\_\_\_

To require congressional redistricting conducted by a State to be conducted in accordance with a redistricting plan developed and enacted into law by an independent redistricting commission established by the State, and for other purposes.

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**IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES**

Ms. LOFGREN introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
**A BILL**

To require congressional redistricting conducted by a State to be conducted in accordance with a redistricting plan developed and enacted into law by an independent redistricting commission established by the State, and for other purposes.

1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2       *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3       **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; STATEMENT OF CONSTITU-**  
4       **TIONAL AUTHORITY; TABLE OF CONTENTS.**

5       (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the  
6       “Redistricting Reform Act of 2025”.

1 (b) FINDING OF CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY.—

2 Congress finds that it has the authority to establish the  
3 terms and conditions States must follow in carrying out  
4 congressional redistricting after an apportionment of  
5 Members of the House of Representatives because—

6 (1) the authority granted to Congress under ar-  
7 ticle I, section 4 of the Constitution of the United  
8 States gives Congress the power to enact laws gov-  
9 erning the time, place, and manner of elections for  
10 Members of the House of Representatives;

11 (2) the authority granted to Congress under  
12 section 5 of the fourteenth amendment to the Con-  
13 stitution gives Congress the power to enact laws to  
14 enforce section 2 of such amendment, which requires  
15 Representatives to be apportioned among the several  
16 States according to their number;

17 (3) the authority granted to Congress under  
18 section 5 of the fourteenth amendment to the Con-  
19 stitution gives Congress the power to enact laws to  
20 enforce section 1 of such amendment, including pro-  
21 tections against excessive partisan gerrymandering  
22 that Federal courts have not enforced because they  
23 understand such enforcement to be committed to  
24 Congress by the Constitution;

1           (4) of the authority granted to Congress to en-  
2       force article IV, section 4, of the Constitution, and  
3       the guarantee of a Republican Form of Government  
4       to every State, which Federal courts have not en-  
5       forced because they understand such enforcement to  
6       be committed to Congress by the Constitution; and

7           (5) requiring States to use uniform redistricting  
8       criteria is an appropriate and important exercise of  
9       such authority.

10       (c) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents of  
11 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; statement of constitutional authority; table of contents.

#### TITLE I—REQUIREMENTS FOR CONGRESSIONAL REDISTRICTING

Sec. 101. Requiring congressional redistricting to be conducted through plan of independent State commission.

Sec. 102. Ban on mid-decade redistricting.

Sec. 103. Criteria for redistricting.

#### TITLE II—INDEPENDENT REDISTRICTING COMMISSIONS

Sec. 201. Independent redistricting commission.

Sec. 202. Establishment of selection pool of individuals eligible to serve as members of commission.

Sec. 203. Public notice and input.

Sec. 204. Establishment of related entities.

Sec. 205. Report on diversity of memberships of independent redistricting commissions.

#### TITLE III—ROLE OF COURTS IN DEVELOPMENT OF REDISTRICTING PLANS

Sec. 301. Failure by State to enact plan.

Sec. 302. Special rule for redistricting conducted under order of Federal court.

#### TITLE IV—ADMINISTRATIVE AND MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Sec. 401. Payments to States for carrying out redistricting.

Sec. 402. Civil enforcement.

Sec. 403. State apportionment notice defined.

Sec. 404. No effect on elections for State and local office.

Sec. 405. Effective date.

1 **TITLE I—REQUIREMENTS FOR**  
2 **CONGRESSIONAL REDIS-**  
3 **TRICTING**

4 **SEC. 101. REQUIRING CONGRESSIONAL REDISTRICTING TO**  
5 **BE CONDUCTED THROUGH PLAN OF INDE-**  
6 **PENDENT STATE COMMISSION.**

7 (a) USE OF PLAN REQUIRED.—Notwithstanding any  
8 other provision of law, and except as provided in sub-  
9 section (c) and subsection (d), any congressional redis-  
10 tricting conducted by a State shall be conducted in accord-  
11 ance with—

12 (1) the redistricting plan developed and enacted  
13 into law by the independent redistricting commission  
14 established in the State, in accordance with title II;  
15 or

16 (2) if a plan developed by such commission is  
17 not enacted into law, the redistricting plan developed  
18 and enacted into law by a 3-judge court, in accord-  
19 ance with section 301.

20 (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 22(c) of  
21 the Act entitled “An Act to provide for the fifteenth and  
22 subsequent decennial censuses and to provide for an ap-  
23 portionment of Representatives in Congress”, approved  
24 June 18, 1929 (2 U.S.C. 2a(c)), is amended by striking  
25 “in the manner provided by the law thereof” and insert-

1 ing: “in the manner provided by the Redistricting Reform  
2 Act of 2025”.

3 (c) SPECIAL RULE FOR EXISTING COMMISSIONS.—  
4 Subsection (a) does not apply to any State in which, under  
5 law in effect continuously on and after the date of the  
6 enactment of this Act, congressional redistricting is car-  
7 ried out in accordance with a plan developed and approved  
8 by an independent redistricting commission which is in  
9 compliance with each of the following requirements:

10 (1) PUBLICLY AVAILABLE APPLICATION PROC-  
11 ESS.—Membership on the commission is open to citi-  
12 zens of the State through a publicly available appli-  
13 cation process.

14 (2) DISQUALIFICATIONS FOR GOVERNMENT  
15 SERVICE AND POLITICAL APPOINTMENT.—Individ-  
16 uals who, for a covered period of time as established  
17 by the State, hold or have held public office, individ-  
18 uals who are or have been candidates for elected  
19 public office, and individuals who serve or have  
20 served as an officer, employee, or paid consultant of  
21 a campaign committee of a candidate for public of-  
22 fice are disqualified from serving on the commission.

23 (3) SCREENING FOR CONFLICTS.—Individuals  
24 who apply to serve on the commission are screened  
25 through a process that excludes persons with con-

1        flicts of interest from the pool of potential commis-  
2        sioners.

3            (4) MULTI-PARTISAN COMPOSITION.—Member-  
4        ship on the commission represents those who are af-  
5        filiated with the two political parties whose can-  
6        didates received the most votes in the most recent  
7        statewide election for Federal office held in the  
8        State, as well as those who are unaffiliated with any  
9        party or who are affiliated with political parties  
10       other than the two political parties whose candidates  
11       received the most votes in the most recent statewide  
12       election for Federal office held in the State.

13           (5) CRITERIA FOR REDISTRICTING.—Members  
14        of the commission are required to meet certain cri-  
15        teria in the map drawing process, including mini-  
16        mizing the division of communities of interest and a  
17        ban on drawing maps to favor a political party.

18           (6) PUBLIC INPUT.—Public hearings are held  
19        and comments from the public are accepted before  
20        a final map is approved.

21           (7) BROAD-BASED SUPPORT FOR APPROVAL OF  
22        FINAL PLAN.—The approval of the final redistricting  
23        plan requires a majority vote of the members of the  
24        commission, including the support of at least one  
25        member of each of the following:

1 (A) Members who are affiliated with the  
2 political party whose candidate received the  
3 most votes in the most recent statewide election  
4 for Federal office held in the State.

5 (B) Members who are affiliated with the  
6 political party whose candidate received the sec-  
7 ond most votes in the most recent statewide  
8 election for Federal office held in the State.

9 (C) Members who are not affiliated with  
10 any political party or who are affiliated with po-  
11 litical parties other than the political parties de-  
12 scribed in subparagraphs (A) and (B).

13 (d) TREATMENT OF STATE OF IOWA.—Subsection (a)  
14 does not apply to the State of Iowa, so long as congres-  
15 sional redistricting in such State is carried out in accord-  
16 ance with a plan developed by the Iowa Legislative Serv-  
17 ices Agency with the assistance of a Temporary Redis-  
18 tricting Advisory Commission, under law which was in ef-  
19 fect for the most recent congressional redistricting carried  
20 out in the State prior to the date of the enactment of this  
21 Act and which remains in effect continuously on and after  
22 the date of the enactment of this Act.

23 **SEC. 102. BAN ON MID-DECADE REDISTRICTING.**

24 (a) BAN.—A State that has been redistricted in ac-  
25 cordance with this Act and a State described in section

1 101(c) or section 101(d) may not be redistricted again  
2 until after the next apportionment of Representatives  
3 under section 22(a) of the Act entitled “An Act to provide  
4 for the fifteenth and subsequent decennial censuses and  
5 to provide for an apportionment of Representatives in  
6 Congress”, approved June 18, 1929 (2 U.S.C. 2a), unless  
7 a court requires the State to conduct such subsequent re-  
8 districting to comply with the Constitution of the United  
9 States, the Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. 10301  
10 et seq.), the Constitution of the State, or the terms or  
11 conditions of this Act.

12 (b) APPLICABILITY OF REMEDIES FOR NONCOMPLI-  
13 ANCE.—Section 402 applies with respect to a violation of  
14 subsection (a) in the same manner as such section applies  
15 with respect to a violation of any other provision of this  
16 Act, and the remedies available pursuant to such section  
17 may be applied with respect to a violation of subsection  
18 (a).

19 (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall apply with  
20 respect to redistricting carried out pursuant to the decen-  
21 nial census conducted during 2020 or any succeeding de-  
22 cennial census.



1   **SEC. 103. CRITERIA FOR REDISTRICTING.**

2           (a) **REQUIRING PLANS TO MEET CRITERIA.**—A State  
3   may not use a congressional redistricting plan that is not  
4   in compliance with this section.

5           (b) **RANKED CRITERIA.**—Under the redistricting plan  
6   of a State, there shall be established single-member con-  
7   gressional districts using the following criteria as set forth  
8   in the following order of priority:

9           (1) Districts shall comply with the United  
10   States Constitution, including the requirement that  
11   they substantially equalize total population.

12          (2) Districts shall comply with the Voting  
13   Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. 10301 et seq.), in-  
14   cluding by creating any districts where, if based  
15   upon the totality of the circumstances, 2 or more po-  
16   litically cohesive groups protected by such Act are  
17   able to elect representatives of choice in coalition  
18   with one another, and all applicable Federal laws.

19          (3)(A) Districts shall be drawn, to the extent  
20   that the totality of the circumstances warrant, to en-  
21   sure the practical ability of a group protected under  
22   the Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. 10301 et  
23   seq.) to participate in the political process and to  
24   nominate candidates and to elect representatives of  
25   choice is not diluted or diminished, regardless of

1       whether or not such protected group constitutes a  
2       majority of a district's citizen voting age population.

3               (B) For purposes of subparagraph (A), the as-  
4       sessment of whether a protected group has the prac-  
5       tical ability to nominate candidates and to elect rep-  
6       resentatives of choice shall require the consideration  
7       of the following factors:

8               (i) Whether the group is politically cohe-  
9       sive.

10              (ii) Whether there is racially polarized vot-  
11       ing in the relevant geographic region.

12              (iii) If there is racially polarized voting in  
13       the relevant geographic region, whether the pre-  
14       ferred candidates of the group nevertheless re-  
15       ceive a sufficient amount of consistent crossover  
16       support from other voters such that the group  
17       is a functional majority with the ability to both  
18       nominate candidates and elect representatives  
19       of choice.

20              (4)(A) Districts shall be drawn to represent  
21       communities of interest and neighborhoods to the  
22       extent practicable after compliance with the require-  
23       ments of paragraphs (1) through (3). A community  
24       of interest is defined as an area for which the record  
25       before the entity responsible for developing and

1       adopting the redistricting plan demonstrates the ex-  
2       istence of broadly shared interests and representa-  
3       tional needs, including shared interests and rep-  
4       resentational needs rooted in common ethnic, racial,  
5       economic, Indian, social, cultural, geographic, or his-  
6       toric identities, or arising from similar socioeconomic  
7       conditions. The term communities of interest may, if  
8       the record warrants, include political subdivisions  
9       such as counties, municipalities, Indian lands, or  
10      school districts, but shall not include common rela-  
11      tionships with political parties or political can-  
12      didates.

13           (B) For purposes of subparagraph (A), in con-  
14      sidering the needs of multiple, overlapping commu-  
15      nities of interest, the entity responsible for devel-  
16      oping and adopting the redistricting plan shall give  
17      greater weight to those communities of interest  
18      whose representational needs would most benefit  
19      from the community's inclusion in a single congres-  
20      sional district.

21      (c) NO FAVORING OR DISFAVORING OF POLITICAL  
22      PARTIES.—

23           (1) PROHIBITION.—A State may not use a re-  
24      districting plan to conduct an election that, when  
25      considered on a statewide basis, has been drawn

1 with the intent or has the effect of materially favor-  
2 ing or disfavoring any political party.

3 (2) DETERMINATION OF EFFECT.—The deter-  
4 mination of whether a redistricting plan has the ef-  
5 fect of materially favoring or disfavoring a political  
6 party shall be based on an evaluation of the totality  
7 of circumstances which, at a minimum, shall involve  
8 consideration of each of the following factors:

9 (A) Computer modeling based on relevant  
10 statewide general elections for Federal office  
11 held over the 8 years preceding the adoption of  
12 the redistricting plan setting forth the probable  
13 electoral outcomes for the plan under a range  
14 of reasonably foreseeable conditions.

15 (B) An analysis of whether the redis-  
16 tricting plan is statistically likely to result in  
17 partisan advantage or disadvantage on a state-  
18 wide basis, the degree of any such advantage or  
19 disadvantage, and whether such advantage or  
20 disadvantage is likely to be present under a  
21 range of reasonably foreseeable electoral condi-  
22 tions.

23 (C) A comparison of the modeled electoral  
24 outcomes for the redistricting plan to the mod-  
25 eled electoral outcomes for alternative plans

1           that demonstrably comply with the require-  
2           ments of paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of sub-  
3           section (b) in order to determine whether rea-  
4           sonable alternatives exist that would result in  
5           materially lower levels of partisan advantage or  
6           disadvantage on a statewide basis. For purposes  
7           of this subparagraph, alternative plans consid-  
8           ered may include both actual plans proposed  
9           during the redistricting process and other plans  
10          prepared for purposes of comparison.

11                 (D) Any other relevant information, includ-  
12           ing how broad support for the redistricting plan  
13           was among members of the entity responsible  
14           for developing and adopting the plan and  
15           whether the processes leading to the develop-  
16           ment and adoption of the plan were transparent  
17           and equally open to all members of the entity  
18           and to the public.

19           (3) REBUTTABLE PRESUMPTION.—

20                 (A) TRIGGER.—In any civil action brought  
21           under section 402 in which a party asserts a  
22           claim that a State has enacted a redistricting  
23           plan which is in violation of this subsection, a  
24           party may file a motion not later than 30 days  
25           after the enactment of the plan (or, if later, not

1 later than 30 days after the effective date of  
2 this Act) requesting that the court determine  
3 whether a presumption of such a violation ex-  
4 ists. If such a motion is timely filed, the court  
5 shall hold a hearing not later than 15 days  
6 after the date the motion is filed to assess  
7 whether a presumption of such a violation ex-  
8 ists.

9 (B) ASSESSMENT.—To conduct the assess-  
10 ment required under subparagraph (A), the  
11 court shall do the following:

12 (i) Determine the number of congres-  
13 sional districts under the plan that would  
14 have been carried by each political party's  
15 candidates for the office of President and  
16 the office of Senator in the 2 most recent  
17 general elections for the office of President  
18 and the 2 most recent general elections for  
19 the office of Senator (other than special  
20 general elections) immediately preceding  
21 the enactment of the plan, except that if a  
22 State conducts a primary election for the  
23 office of Senator which is open to can-  
24 didates of all political parties, the primary  
25 election shall be used instead of the gen-

1           eral election and the number of districts  
2           carried by a party's candidates for the of-  
3           fice of Senator shall be determined on the  
4           basis of the combined vote share of all can-  
5           didates in the election who are affiliated  
6           with such party.

7                   (ii) Determine, for each of the 4 elec-  
8           tions assessed under clause (i), whether  
9           the number of districts that would have  
10          been carried by any party's candidate as  
11          determined under clause (i) results in par-  
12          tisan advantage or disadvantage in excess  
13          of 7 percent or one congressional district,  
14          whichever is greater, as determined by  
15          standard quantitative measures of partisan  
16          fairness that relate a party's share of the  
17          statewide vote to that party's share of  
18          seats.

19               (C) PRESUMPTION OF VIOLATION.—A plan  
20          is presumed to violate paragraph (1) if it ex-  
21          ceeds the threshold described in clause (ii) of  
22          subparagraph (B) with respect to 2 or more of  
23          the 4 elections assessed under such subpara-  
24          graph.

1 (D) STAY OF USE OF PLAN.—Notwith-  
2 standing any other provision of this Act, in any  
3 action under this paragraph, the following rules  
4 shall apply:

5 (i) Upon filing of a motion under sub-  
6 paragraph (A), a State's use of the plan  
7 which is the subject of the motion shall be  
8 automatically stayed pending resolution of  
9 such motion.

10 (ii) If after considering the motion,  
11 the court rules that the plan is presumed  
12 under subparagraph (C) to violate para-  
13 graph (1), a State may not use such plan  
14 until and unless the court which is car-  
15 rying out the determination of the effect of  
16 the plan under paragraph (2) determines  
17 that, notwithstanding the presumptive vio-  
18 lation, the plan does not violate paragraph  
19 (1).

20 (E) NO EFFECT ON OTHER ASSESS-  
21 MENTS.—The absence of a presumption of a  
22 violation with respect to a redistricting plan as  
23 determined under this paragraph shall not af-  
24 fect the determination of the effect of the plan  
25 under paragraph (2).



1           (4) DETERMINATION OF INTENT.—A court may  
2       rely on all available evidence when determining  
3       whether a redistricting plan was drawn with the in-  
4       tent to materially favor or disfavor a political party,  
5       including evidence of the partisan effects of a plan,  
6       the degree of support the plan received from mem-  
7       bers of the entity responsible for developing and  
8       adopting the plan, and whether the processes leading  
9       to development and adoption of the plan were trans-  
10      parent and equally open to all members of the entity  
11      and to the public.

12          (5) NO VIOLATION BASED ON CERTAIN CRI-  
13      TERIA.—No redistricting plan shall be found to be  
14      in violation of paragraph (1) because of the proper  
15      application of the criteria set forth in paragraphs  
16      (1), (2), or (3) of subsection (b), unless one or more  
17      alternative plans could have complied with such  
18      paragraphs without having the effect of materially  
19      favoring or disfavoring a political party.

20          (d) FACTORS PROHIBITED FROM CONSIDERATION.—  
21      In developing the redistricting plan for the State, the  
22      State may not take into consideration any of the following  
23      factors, except as necessary to comply with the criteria  
24      described in paragraphs (1) through (3) of subsection (b),  
25      to achieve partisan fairness and comply with subsection

1 (b), and to enable the redistricting plan to be measured  
2 against the external metrics described in section 203(d):

3 (1) The residence of any Member of the House  
4 of Representatives or candidate.

5 (2) The political party affiliation or voting his-  
6 tory of the population of a district.

7 (e) ADDITIONAL CRITERIA.—A State may not rely  
8 upon criteria not set forth in this section to justify non-  
9 compliance with the requirements of this section.

10 (f) APPLICABILITY.—This section applies to any au-  
11 thority, whether appointed, elected, judicial, or otherwise,  
12 responsible for enacting the congressional redistricting  
13 plan of a State.

14 (g) SEVERABILITY OF CRITERIA.—If any of the cri-  
15 teria set forth in this section, or the application of such  
16 criteria to any person or circumstance, is held to be uncon-  
17 stitutional, the remaining criteria set forth in this section,  
18 and the application of such criteria to any person or cir-  
19 cumstance, shall not be affected by the holding.

## 20 **TITLE II—INDEPENDENT** 21 **REDISTRICTING COMMISSIONS**

### 22 **SEC. 201. INDEPENDENT REDISTRICTING COMMISSION.**

23 (a) APPOINTMENT OF MEMBERS.—

24 (1) IN GENERAL.—The nonpartisan agency es-  
25 tablished or designated by a State under section

1       204(a) shall establish an independent redistricting  
2       commission for the State, which shall consist of 15  
3       members appointed by the agency as follows:

4               (A) Not later than October 1 of a year  
5       ending in the numeral zero, the agency shall, at  
6       a public meeting held not earlier than 15 days  
7       after notice of the meeting has been given to  
8       the public, first appoint 6 members as follows:

9               (i) The agency shall appoint 2 mem-  
10       bers on a random basis from the majority  
11       category of the approved selection pool (as  
12       described in section 202(b)(1)(A)).

13              (ii) The agency shall appoint 2 mem-  
14       bers on a random basis from the minority  
15       category of the approved selection pool (as  
16       described in section 202(b)(1)(B)).

17              (iii) The agency shall appoint 2 mem-  
18       bers on a random basis from the inde-  
19       pendent category of the approved selection  
20       pool (as described in section 202(b)(1)(C)).

21              (B) Not later than November 15 of a year  
22       ending in the numeral zero, the members ap-  
23       pointed by the agency under subparagraph (A)  
24       shall, at a public meeting held not earlier than  
25       15 days after notice of the meeting has been

1 given to the public, then appoint 9 members as  
2 follows:

3 (i) The members shall appoint 3 mem-  
4 bers from the majority category of the ap-  
5 proved selection pool (as described in sec-  
6 tion 202(b)(1)(A)).

7 (ii) The members shall appoint 3  
8 members from the minority category of the  
9 approved selection pool (as described in  
10 section 202(b)(1)(B)).

11 (iii) The members shall appoint 3  
12 members from the independent category of  
13 the approved selection pool (as described in  
14 section 202(b)(1)(C)).

15 (2) RULES FOR APPOINTMENT OF MEMBERS  
16 APPOINTED BY FIRST MEMBERS.—

17 (A) AFFIRMATIVE VOTE OF AT LEAST 4  
18 MEMBERS.—The appointment of any of the 9  
19 members of the independent redistricting com-  
20 mission who are appointed by the first members  
21 of the commission pursuant to subparagraph  
22 (B) of paragraph (1), as well as the designation  
23 of alternates for such members pursuant to  
24 subparagraph (B) of paragraph (3) and the ap-  
25 pointment of alternates to fill vacancies pursu-

1 ant to subparagraph (B) of paragraph (4), shall  
2 require the affirmative vote of at least 4 of the  
3 members appointed by the nonpartisan agency  
4 under subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1), in-  
5 cluding at least one member from each of the  
6 categories referred to in such subparagraph.

7 (B) ENSURING DIVERSITY.—In appointing  
8 the 9 members pursuant to subparagraph (B)  
9 of paragraph (1), as well as in designating al-  
10 ternates pursuant to subparagraph (B) of para-  
11 graph (3) and in appointing alternates to fill  
12 vacancies pursuant to subparagraph (B) of  
13 paragraph (4), the first members of the inde-  
14 pendent redistricting commission shall ensure  
15 that the membership is representative of the de-  
16 mographic groups (including racial, ethnic, eco-  
17 nomic, and gender) and geographic regions of  
18 the State, and provides racial, ethnic, and lan-  
19 guage minorities protected under the Voting  
20 Rights Act of 1965 with a meaningful oppor-  
21 tunity to participate in the development of the  
22 State’s redistricting plan.

23 (3) DESIGNATION OF ALTERNATES TO SERVE  
24 IN CASE OF VACANCIES.—

1 (A) MEMBERS APPOINTED BY AGENCY.—

2 At the time the agency appoints the members  
3 of the independent redistricting commission  
4 under subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) from  
5 each of the categories referred to in such sub-  
6 paragraph, the agency shall, on a random basis,  
7 designate 2 other individuals from such cat-  
8 egory to serve as alternate members who may  
9 be appointed to fill vacancies in the commission  
10 in accordance with paragraph (4).

11 (B) MEMBERS APPOINTED BY FIRST MEM-  
12 BERS.—At the time the members appointed by  
13 the agency appoint the other members of the  
14 independent redistricting commission under  
15 subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) from each  
16 of the categories referred to in such subpara-  
17 graph, the members shall, in accordance with  
18 the special rules described in paragraph (2),  
19 designate 2 other individuals from such cat-  
20 egory to serve as alternate members who may  
21 be appointed to fill vacancies in the commission  
22 in accordance with paragraph (4).

23 (4) APPOINTMENT OF ALTERNATES TO SERVE  
24 IN CASE OF VACANCIES.—

1 (A) MEMBERS APPOINTED BY AGENCY.—If  
2 a vacancy occurs in the commission with respect  
3 to a member who was appointed by the non-  
4 partisan agency under subparagraph (A) of  
5 paragraph (1) from one of the categories re-  
6 ferred to in such subparagraph, the agency  
7 shall fill the vacancy by appointing, on a ran-  
8 dom basis, one of the 2 alternates from such  
9 category who was designated under subpara-  
10 graph (A) of paragraph (3). At the time the  
11 agency appoints an alternate to fill a vacancy  
12 under the previous sentence, the agency shall  
13 designate, on a random basis, another indi-  
14 vidual from the same category to serve as an al-  
15 ternate member, in accordance with subpara-  
16 graph (A) of paragraph (3).

17 (B) MEMBERS APPOINTED BY FIRST MEM-  
18 BERS.—If a vacancy occurs in the commission  
19 with respect to a member who was appointed by  
20 the first members of the commission under sub-  
21 paragraph (B) of paragraph (1) from one of the  
22 categories referred to in such subparagraph, the  
23 first members shall, in accordance with the spe-  
24 cial rules described in paragraph (2), fill the va-  
25 cancy by appointing one of the 2 alternates

1 from such category who was designated under  
2 subparagraph (B) of paragraph (3). At the time  
3 the first members appoint an alternate to fill a  
4 vacancy under the previous sentence, the first  
5 members shall, in accordance with the special  
6 rules described in paragraph (2), designate an-  
7 other individual from the same category to  
8 serve as an alternate member, in accordance  
9 with subparagraph (B) of paragraph (3).

10 (5) REMOVAL.—A member of the independent  
11 redistricting commission may be removed by a ma-  
12 jority vote of the remaining members of the commis-  
13 sion if it is shown by a preponderance of the evi-  
14 dence that the member is not eligible to serve on the  
15 commission under section 202(a).

16 (b) PROCEDURES FOR CONDUCTING COMMISSION  
17 BUSINESS.—

18 (1) CHAIR.—Members of an independent redis-  
19 tricting commission established under this section  
20 shall select by majority vote one member who was  
21 appointed from the independent category of the ap-  
22 proved selection pool described in section  
23 202(b)(1)(C) to serve as chair of the commission.  
24 The commission may not take any action to develop



1 a redistricting plan for the State under section 203  
2 until the appointment of the commission's chair.

3 (2) REQUIRING MAJORITY APPROVAL FOR AC-  
4 TIONS.—The independent redistricting commission  
5 of a State may not publish and disseminate any  
6 draft or final redistricting plan, or take any other  
7 action, without the approval of at least—

8 (A) a majority of the whole membership of  
9 the commission; and

10 (B) at least one member of the commission  
11 appointed from each of the categories of the ap-  
12 proved selection pool described in section  
13 202(b)(1).

14 (3) QUORUM.—A majority of the members of  
15 the commission shall constitute a quorum.

16 (c) STAFF; CONTRACTORS.—

17 (1) STAFF.—Under a public application process  
18 in which all application materials are available for  
19 public inspection, the independent redistricting com-  
20 mission of a State shall appoint and set the pay of  
21 technical experts, legal counsel, consultants, and  
22 such other staff as it considers appropriate, subject  
23 to State law.

24 (2) CONTRACTORS.—The independent redis-  
25 tricting commission of a State may enter into such

1 contracts with vendors as it considers appropriate,  
2 subject to State law, except that any such contract  
3 shall be valid only if approved by the vote of a ma-  
4 jority of the members of the commission, including  
5 at least one member appointed from each of the cat-  
6 egories of the approved selection pool described in  
7 section 202(b)(1).

8 (3) REPORTS ON EXPENDITURES FOR POLIT-  
9 ICAL ACTIVITY.—

10 (A) REPORT BY APPLICANTS.—Each indi-  
11 vidual who applies for a position as an employee  
12 of the independent redistricting commission and  
13 each vendor who applies for a contract with the  
14 commission shall, at the time of applying, file  
15 with the commission a report summarizing—

16 (i) any expenditure for political activ-  
17 ity made by such individual or vendor dur-  
18 ing the 10 most recent calendar years; and

19 (ii) any income received by such indi-  
20 vidual or vendor during the 10 most recent  
21 calendar years which is attributable to an  
22 expenditure for political activity.

23 (B) ANNUAL REPORTS BY EMPLOYEES  
24 AND VENDORS.—Each person who is an em-  
25 ployee or vendor of the independent redis-

1           tricting commission shall, not later than 1 year  
2           after the person is appointed as an employee or  
3           enters into a contract as a vendor (as the case  
4           may be) and annually thereafter for each year  
5           during which the person serves as an employee  
6           or a vendor, file with the commission a report  
7           summarizing the expenditures and income de-  
8           scribed in subparagraph (A) during the 10 most  
9           recent calendar years.

10           (C) EXPENDITURE FOR POLITICAL ACTIV-  
11           ITY DEFINED.—In this paragraph, the term  
12           “expenditure for political activity” means a dis-  
13           bursement for any of the following:

14                   (i) An independent expenditure, as de-  
15                   fined in section 301(17) of the Federal  
16                   Election Campaign Act of 1971 (52 U.S.C.  
17                   30101(17)).

18                   (ii) An electioneering communication,  
19                   as defined in section 304(f)(3) of such Act  
20                   (52 U.S.C. 30104(f)(3)) or any other pub-  
21                   lic communication, as defined in section  
22                   301(22) of such Act (52 U.S.C.  
23                   30101(22)) that would be an electioneering  
24                   communication if it were a broadcast,  
25                   cable, or satellite communication.

1 (iii) Any dues or other payments to  
2 trade associations or organizations de-  
3 scribed in section 501(c) of the Internal  
4 Revenue Code of 1986 and exempt from  
5 tax under section 501(a) of such Code that  
6 are, or could reasonably be anticipated to  
7 be, used or transferred to another associa-  
8 tion or organization for a use described in  
9 paragraph (1), (2), or (4) of section 501(c)  
10 of such Code.

11 (4) GOAL OF IMPARTIALITY.—The commission  
12 shall take such steps as it considers appropriate to  
13 ensure that any staff appointed under this sub-  
14 section, and any vendor with whom the commission  
15 enters into a contract under this subsection, will  
16 work in an impartial manner, and may require any  
17 person who applies for an appointment to a staff po-  
18 sition or for a vendor's contract with the commission  
19 to provide information on the person's history of po-  
20 litical activity beyond the information on the per-  
21 son's expenditures for political activity provided in  
22 the reports required under paragraph (3) (including  
23 donations to candidates, political committees, and  
24 political parties) as a condition of the appointment  
25 or the contract.

1 (5) DISQUALIFICATION; WAIVER.—

2 (A) IN GENERAL.—The independent redis-  
3 tricting commission may not appoint an indi-  
4 vidual as an employee, and may not enter into  
5 a contract with a vendor, if the individual or  
6 vendor meets any of the criteria for the dis-  
7 qualification of an individual from serving as a  
8 member of the commission which are set forth  
9 in section 202(a)(2).

10 (B) WAIVER.—The commission may by  
11 unanimous vote of its members waive the appli-  
12 cation of subparagraph (A) to an individual or  
13 a vendor after receiving and reviewing the re-  
14 port filed by the individual or vendor under  
15 paragraph (3).

16 (d) TERMINATION.—

17 (1) IN GENERAL.—The independent redis-  
18 tricting commission of a State shall terminate on the  
19 earlier of—

20 (A) June 14 of the next year ending in the  
21 numeral zero; or

22 (B) the day on which the nonpartisan  
23 agency established or designated by a State  
24 under section 204(a) has, in accordance with  
25 section 202(b)(1), submitted a selection pool to

1 the Select Committee on Redistricting for the  
2 State established under section 204(b).

3 (2) PRESERVATION OF RECORDS.—The State  
4 shall ensure that the records of the independent re-  
5 districting commission are retained in the appro-  
6 priate State archive in such manner as may be nec-  
7 essary to enable the State to respond to any civil ac-  
8 tion brought with respect to congressional redis-  
9 tricting in the State.

10 **SEC. 202. ESTABLISHMENT OF SELECTION POOL OF INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE TO SERVE AS MEMBERS**  
11 **OF COMMISSION.**  
12

13 (a) CRITERIA FOR ELIGIBILITY.—

14 (1) IN GENERAL.—An individual is eligible to  
15 serve as a member of an independent redistricting  
16 commission if the individual meets each of the fol-  
17 lowing criteria:

18 (A) As of the date of appointment, the in-  
19 dividual is registered to vote in elections for  
20 Federal office held in the State.

21 (B) During the 3-year period ending on  
22 the date of the individual's appointment, the in-  
23 dividual has been continuously registered to  
24 vote with the same political party, or has not  
25 been registered to vote with any political party.

1 (C) The individual submits to the non-  
2 partisan agency established or designated by a  
3 State under section 204, at such time and in  
4 such form as the agency may require, an appli-  
5 cation for inclusion in the selection pool under  
6 this section, and includes with the application a  
7 written statement, with an attestation under  
8 penalty of perjury, containing the following in-  
9 formation and assurances:

10 (i) The full current name and any  
11 former names of, and the contact informa-  
12 tion for, the individual, including an elec-  
13 tronic mail address, the address of the in-  
14 dividual's residence, mailing address, and  
15 telephone numbers.

16 (ii) The individual's race, ethnicity,  
17 gender, age, date of birth, and household  
18 income for the most recent taxable year.

19 (iii) The political party with which the  
20 individual is affiliated, if any.

21 (iv) The reason or reasons the indi-  
22 vidual desires to serve on the independent  
23 redistricting commission, the individual's  
24 qualifications, and information relevant to

1 the ability of the individual to be fair and  
2 impartial, including, but not limited to—

3 (I) any involvement with, or fi-  
4 nancial support of, professional, so-  
5 cial, political, religious, or community  
6 organizations or causes; and

7 (II) the individual's employment  
8 and educational history.

9 (v) An assurance that the individual  
10 shall commit to carrying out the individ-  
11 ual's duties under this Act in an honest,  
12 independent, and impartial fashion, and to  
13 upholding public confidence in the integrity  
14 of the redistricting process.

15 (vi) An assurance that, during the  
16 covered periods described in paragraph (3),  
17 the individual has not taken and will not  
18 take any action which would disqualify the  
19 individual from serving as a member of the  
20 commission under paragraph (2).

21 (2) DISQUALIFICATIONS.—An individual is not  
22 eligible to serve as a member of the commission if  
23 any of the following applies during any of the cov-  
24 ered periods described in paragraph (3):



1           (A) The individual or (in the case of the  
2 covered periods described in subparagraphs (A)  
3 and (B) of paragraph (3)) an immediate family  
4 member of the individual holds public office or  
5 is a candidate for election for public office.

6           (B) The individual or (in the case of the  
7 covered periods described in subparagraphs (A)  
8 and (B) of paragraph (3)) an immediate family  
9 member of the individual serves as an officer of  
10 a political party or as an officer, employee, or  
11 paid consultant of a campaign committee of a  
12 candidate for public office or of any political ac-  
13 tion committee (as determined in accordance  
14 with the law of the State).

15          (C) The individual or (in the case of the  
16 covered periods described in subparagraphs (A)  
17 and (B) of paragraph (3)) an immediate family  
18 member of the individual holds a position as a  
19 registered lobbyist under the Lobbying Disclo-  
20 sure Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.) or an  
21 equivalent State or local law.

22          (D) The individual or (in the case of the  
23 covered periods described in subparagraphs (A)  
24 and (B) of paragraph (3)) an immediate family  
25 member of the individual is an employee of an

1           elected public official, a contractor with the gov-  
2           ernment of the State, or a donor to the cam-  
3           paign of any candidate for public office or to  
4           any political action committee (other than a  
5           donor who, during any of such covered periods,  
6           gives an aggregate amount of \$1,000 or less to  
7           the campaigns of all candidates for all public  
8           offices and to all political action committees).

9           (E) The individual paid a civil money pen-  
10          alty or criminal fine, or was sentenced to a  
11          term of imprisonment, for violating any provi-  
12          sion of the Federal Election Campaign Act of  
13          1971 (52 U.S.C. 30101 et seq.).

14          (F) The individual or (in the case of the  
15          covered periods described in subparagraphs (A)  
16          and (B) of paragraph (3)) an immediate family  
17          member of the individual is an agent of a for-  
18          eign principal under the Foreign Agents Reg-  
19          istration Act of 1938, as amended (22 U.S.C.  
20          611 et seq.).

21          (3) COVERED PERIODS DESCRIBED.—In this  
22          subsection, the term “covered period” means, with  
23          respect to the appointment of an individual to the  
24          commission, any of the following:

1 (A) The 10-year period ending on the date  
2 of the individual's appointment.

3 (B) The period beginning on the date of  
4 the individual's appointment and ending on Au-  
5 gust 14 of the next year ending in the numeral  
6 one.

7 (C) The 10-year period beginning on the  
8 day after the last day of the period described in  
9 subparagraph (B).

10 (4) IMMEDIATE FAMILY MEMBER DEFINED.—In  
11 this subsection, the term “immediate family mem-  
12 ber” means, with respect to an individual, a father,  
13 stepfather, mother, stepmother, son, stepson, daugh-  
14 ter, stepdaughter, brother, stepbrother, sister, step-  
15 sister, husband, wife, father-in-law, or mother-in-  
16 law.

17 (b) DEVELOPMENT AND SUBMISSION OF SELECTION  
18 POOL.—

19 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than June 15 of  
20 each year ending in the numeral zero, the non-  
21 partisan agency established or designated by a State  
22 under section 204(a) shall develop and submit to the  
23 Select Committee on Redistricting for the State es-  
24 tablished under section 204(b) a selection pool of 36  
25 individuals who are eligible to serve as members of

1 the independent redistricting commission of the  
2 State under this Act, consisting of individuals in the  
3 following categories:

4 (A) A majority category, consisting of 12  
5 individuals who are affiliated with the political  
6 party whose candidate received the most votes  
7 in the most recent statewide election for Fed-  
8 eral office held in the State.

9 (B) A minority category, consisting of 12  
10 individuals who are affiliated with the political  
11 party whose candidate received the second most  
12 votes in the most recent statewide election for  
13 Federal office held in the State.

14 (C) An independent category, consisting of  
15 12 individuals who are not affiliated with either  
16 of the political parties described in subpara-  
17 graph (A) or subparagraph (B).

18 (2) FACTORS TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT IN DEVEL-  
19 OPING POOL.—In selecting individuals for the selec-  
20 tion pool under this subsection, the nonpartisan  
21 agency shall—

22 (A) ensure that the pool is representative  
23 of the demographic groups (including racial,  
24 ethnic, economic, and gender) and geographic  
25 regions of the State, and includes applicants

1           who would allow racial, ethnic, and language  
2           minorities protected under the Voting Rights  
3           Act of 1965 a meaningful opportunity to par-  
4           ticipate in the development of the State's redis-  
5           tricting plan; and

6                   (B) take into consideration the analytical  
7           skills of the individuals selected in relevant  
8           fields (including mapping, data management,  
9           law, community outreach, demography, and the  
10          geography of the State) and their ability to  
11          work on an impartial basis.

12          (3) INTERVIEWS OF APPLICANTS.—To assist  
13          the nonpartisan agency in developing the selection  
14          pool under this subsection, the nonpartisan agency  
15          shall conduct interviews of applicants under oath. If  
16          an individual is included in a selection pool devel-  
17          oped under this section, all of the interviews of the  
18          individual shall be transcribed and the transcriptions  
19          made available on the nonpartisan agency's website  
20          contemporaneously with release of the report under  
21          paragraph (6).

22          (4) DETERMINATION OF POLITICAL PARTY AF-  
23          FILIATION OF INDIVIDUALS IN SELECTION POOL.—  
24          For purposes of this section, an individual shall be  
25          considered to be affiliated with a political party only

1 if the nonpartisan agency is able to verify (to the  
2 greatest extent possible) the information the indi-  
3 vidual provides in the application submitted under  
4 subsection (a)(1)(C), including by considering addi-  
5 tional information provided by other persons with  
6 knowledge of the individual's history of political ac-  
7 tivity.

8 (5) ENCOURAGING RESIDENTS TO APPLY FOR  
9 INCLUSION IN POOL.—The nonpartisan agency shall  
10 take such steps as may be necessary to ensure that  
11 residents of the State across various geographic re-  
12 gions and demographic groups are aware of the op-  
13 portunity to serve on the independent redistricting  
14 commission, including publicizing the role of the  
15 panel and using newspapers, broadcast media, and  
16 online sources, including ethnic media, to encourage  
17 individuals to apply for inclusion in the selection  
18 pool developed under this subsection.

19 (6) REPORT ON ESTABLISHMENT OF SELEC-  
20 TION POOL.—At the time the nonpartisan agency  
21 submits the selection pool to the Select Committee  
22 on Redistricting under paragraph (1), it shall pub-  
23 lish and post on the agency's public website a report  
24 describing the process by which the pool was devel-  
25 oped, and shall include in the report a description of

1       how the individuals in the pool meet the eligibility  
2       criteria of subsection (a) and of how the pool reflects  
3       the factors the agency is required to take into con-  
4       sideration under paragraph (2).

5           (7) PUBLIC COMMENT ON SELECTION POOL.—

6       During the 14-day period which begins on the date  
7       the nonpartisan agency publishes the report under  
8       paragraph (6), the agency shall accept comments  
9       from the public on the individuals included in the se-  
10      lection pool. The agency shall post all such com-  
11      ments contemporaneously on the nonpartisan agen-  
12      cy's website and shall transmit them to the Select  
13      Committee on Redistricting immediately upon the  
14      expiration of such period.

15           (8) ACTION BY SELECT COMMITTEE.—

16           (A) IN GENERAL.—Not earlier than 15  
17      days and not later than 21 days after receiving  
18      the selection pool from the nonpartisan agency  
19      under paragraph (1), the Select Committee on  
20      Redistricting shall, by majority vote—

21           (i) approve the pool as submitted by  
22      the nonpartisan agency, in which case the  
23      pool shall be considered the approved selec-  
24      tion pool for purposes of section 201(a)(1);  
25      or

1 (ii) reject the pool, in which case the  
2 nonpartisan agency shall develop and sub-  
3 mit a replacement selection pool in accord-  
4 ance with subsection (c).

5 (B) INACTION DEEMED REJECTION.—If  
6 the Select Committee on Redistricting fails to  
7 approve or reject the pool within the deadline  
8 set forth in subparagraph (A), the Select Com-  
9 mittee shall be deemed to have rejected the pool  
10 for purposes of such subparagraph.

11 (c) DEVELOPMENT OF REPLACEMENT SELECTION  
12 POOL.—

13 (1) IN GENERAL.—If the Select Committee on  
14 Redistricting rejects the selection pool submitted by  
15 the nonpartisan agency under subsection (b), not  
16 later than 14 days after the rejection, the non-  
17 partisan agency shall develop and submit to the Se-  
18 lect Committee a replacement selection pool, under  
19 the same terms and conditions that applied to the  
20 development and submission of the selection pool  
21 under paragraphs (1) through (7) of subsection (b).  
22 The replacement pool submitted under this para-  
23 graph may include individuals who were included in  
24 the rejected selection pool submitted under sub-  
25 section (b), so long as at least one of the individuals



1 in the replacement pool was not included in such re-  
2 jected pool.

3 (2) ACTION BY SELECT COMMITTEE.—

4 (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 21 days  
5 after receiving the replacement selection pool  
6 from the nonpartisan agency under paragraph  
7 (1), the Select Committee on Redistricting  
8 shall, by majority vote—

9 (i) approve the pool as submitted by  
10 the nonpartisan agency, in which case the  
11 pool shall be considered the approved selec-  
12 tion pool for purposes of section 201(a)(1);  
13 or

14 (ii) reject the pool, in which case the  
15 nonpartisan agency shall develop and sub-  
16 mit a second replacement selection pool in  
17 accordance with subsection (d).

18 (B) INACTION DEEMED REJECTION.—If  
19 the Select Committee on Redistricting fails to  
20 approve or reject the pool within the deadline  
21 set forth in subparagraph (A), the Select Com-  
22 mittee shall be deemed to have rejected the pool  
23 for purposes of such subparagraph.

24 (d) DEVELOPMENT OF SECOND REPLACEMENT SE-  
25 LECTION POOL.—

1           (1) IN GENERAL.—If the Select Committee on  
2       Redistricting rejects the replacement selection pool  
3       submitted by the nonpartisan agency under sub-  
4       section (c), not later than 14 days after the rejec-  
5       tion, the nonpartisan agency shall develop and sub-  
6       mit to the Select Committee a second replacement  
7       selection pool, under the same terms and conditions  
8       that applied to the development and submission of  
9       the selection pool under paragraphs (1) through (7)  
10      of subsection (b). The second replacement selection  
11      pool submitted under this paragraph may include in-  
12      dividuals who were included in the rejected selection  
13      pool submitted under subsection (b) or the rejected  
14      replacement selection pool submitted under sub-  
15      section (c), so long as at least one of the individuals  
16      in the replacement pool was not included in either  
17      such rejected pool.

18           (2) ACTION BY SELECT COMMITTEE.—

19           (A) IN GENERAL.—Not earlier than 15  
20       days and not later than 14 days after receiving  
21       the second replacement selection pool from the  
22       nonpartisan agency under paragraph (1), the  
23       Select Committee on Redistricting shall, by ma-  
24       jority vote—

1 (i) approve the pool as submitted by  
2 the nonpartisan agency, in which case the  
3 pool shall be considered the approved selec-  
4 tion pool for purposes of section 201(a)(1);  
5 or

6 (ii) reject the pool.

7 (B) INACTION DEEMED REJECTION.—If  
8 the Select Committee on Redistricting fails to  
9 approve or reject the pool within the deadline  
10 set forth in subparagraph (A), the Select Com-  
11 mittee shall be deemed to have rejected the pool  
12 for purposes of such subparagraph.

13 (C) EFFECT OF REJECTION.—If the Select  
14 Committee on Redistricting rejects the second  
15 replacement pool from the nonpartisan agency  
16 under paragraph (1), the redistricting plan for  
17 the State shall be developed and enacted in ac-  
18 cordance with title III.

19 **SEC. 203. PUBLIC NOTICE AND INPUT.**

20 (a) PUBLIC NOTICE AND INPUT.—

21 (1) USE OF OPEN AND TRANSPARENT PROC-  
22 ESS.—The independent redistricting commission of a  
23 State shall hold each of its meetings in public, shall  
24 solicit and take into consideration comments from  
25 the public, including proposed maps, throughout the

1 process of developing the redistricting plan for the  
2 State, and shall carry out its duties in an open and  
3 transparent manner which provides for the widest  
4 public dissemination reasonably possible of its pro-  
5 posed and final redistricting plans.

6 (2) WEBSITE.—

7 (A) FEATURES.—The commission shall  
8 maintain a public Internet site which is not af-  
9 filiated with or maintained by the office of any  
10 elected official and which includes the following  
11 features:

12 (i) General information on the com-  
13 mission, its role in the redistricting proc-  
14 ess, and its members, including contact in-  
15 formation.

16 (ii) An updated schedule of commis-  
17 sion hearings and activities, including  
18 deadlines for the submission of comments.

19 (iii) All draft redistricting plans devel-  
20 oped by the commission under subsection  
21 (b) and the final redistricting plan devel-  
22 oped under subsection (c), including the  
23 accompanying written evaluation under  
24 subsection (d).

1 (iv) All comments received from the  
2 public on the commission's activities, in-  
3 cluding any proposed maps submitted  
4 under paragraph (1).

5 (v) Live streaming of commission  
6 hearings and an archive of previous meet-  
7 ings, including any documents considered  
8 at any such meeting, which the commission  
9 shall post not later than 24 hours after the  
10 conclusion of the meeting.

11 (vi) Access in an easily useable format  
12 to the demographic and other data used by  
13 the commission to develop and analyze the  
14 proposed redistricting plans, together with  
15 access to any software used to draw maps  
16 of proposed districts and to any reports  
17 analyzing and evaluating any such maps.

18 (vii) A method by which members of  
19 the public may submit comments and pro-  
20 posed maps directly to the commission.

21 (viii) All records of the commission,  
22 including all communications to or from  
23 members, employees, and contractors re-  
24 garding the work of the commission.

1 (ix) A list of all contractors receiving  
2 payment from the commission, together  
3 with the annual disclosures submitted by  
4 the contractors under section 201(c)(3).

5 (x) A list of the names of all individ-  
6 uals who submitted applications to serve  
7 on the commission, together with the appli-  
8 cations submitted by individuals included  
9 in any selection pool, except that the com-  
10 mission may redact from such applications  
11 any financial or other personally sensitive  
12 information.

13 (B) SEARCHABLE FORMAT.—The commis-  
14 sion shall ensure that all information posted  
15 and maintained on the site under this para-  
16 graph, including information and proposed  
17 maps submitted by the public, shall be main-  
18 tained in an easily searchable format.

19 (C) DEADLINE.—The commission shall en-  
20 sure that the public Internet site under this  
21 paragraph is operational (in at least a prelimi-  
22 nary format) not later than January 1 of the  
23 year ending in the numeral one.

24 (3) PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD.—The commis-  
25 sion shall solicit, accept, and consider comments

1 from the public with respect to its duties, activities,  
2 and procedures at any time during the period—

3 (A) which begins on January 1 of the year  
4 ending in the numeral one; and

5 (B) which ends 7 days before the date of  
6 the meeting at which the commission shall vote  
7 on approving the final redistricting plan for en-  
8 actment into law under subsection (c)(2).

9 (4) MEETINGS AND HEARINGS IN VARIOUS GEO-  
10 GRAPHIC LOCATIONS.—To the greatest extent prac-  
11 ticable, the commission shall hold its meetings and  
12 hearings in various geographic regions and locations  
13 throughout the State.

14 (5) MULTIPLE LANGUAGE REQUIREMENTS FOR  
15 ALL NOTICES.—The commission shall make each no-  
16 tice which is required to be posted and published  
17 under this section available in any language in which  
18 the State (or any jurisdiction in the State) is re-  
19 quired to provide election materials under section  
20 203 of the Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C.  
21 10503).

22 (b) DEVELOPMENT AND PUBLICATION OF PRELIMI-  
23 NARY REDISTRICTING PLAN.—

24 (1) IN GENERAL.—Prior to developing and pub-  
25 lishing a final redistricting plan under subsection

1 (c), the independent redistricting commission of a  
2 State shall develop and publish a preliminary redistricting  
3 plan.

4 (2) MINIMUM PUBLIC HEARINGS AND OPPOR-  
5 TUNITY FOR COMMENT PRIOR TO DEVELOPMENT.—

6 (A) 3 HEARINGS REQUIRED.—Prior to de-  
7 veloping a preliminary redistricting plan under  
8 this subsection, the commission shall hold not  
9 fewer than 3 public hearings at which members  
10 of the public may provide input and comments  
11 regarding the potential contents of redistricting  
12 plans for the State and the process by which  
13 the commission will develop the preliminary  
14 plan under this subsection.

15 (B) MINIMUM PERIOD FOR NOTICE PRIOR  
16 TO HEARINGS.—Not fewer than 14 days prior  
17 to the date of each hearing held under this  
18 paragraph, the commission shall post notices of  
19 the hearing in on the website maintained under  
20 subsection (a)(2), and shall provide for the pub-  
21 lication of such notices in newspapers of general  
22 circulation throughout the State. Each such no-  
23 tice shall specify the date, time, and location of  
24 the hearing.



1 (C) SUBMISSION OF PLANS AND MAPS BY  
2 MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC.—Any member of  
3 the public may submit maps or portions of  
4 maps for consideration by the commission. As  
5 provided under subsection (a)(2)(A), any such  
6 map shall be made publicly available on the  
7 commission’s website and open to comment.

8 (3) PUBLICATION OF PRELIMINARY PLAN.—

9 (A) IN GENERAL.—The commission shall  
10 post the preliminary redistricting plan devel-  
11 oped under this subsection, together with a re-  
12 port that includes the commission’s responses  
13 to any public comments received under sub-  
14 section (a)(3), on the website maintained under  
15 subsection (a)(2), and shall provide for the pub-  
16 lication of each such plan in newspapers of gen-  
17 eral circulation throughout the State.

18 (B) MINIMUM PERIOD FOR NOTICE PRIOR  
19 TO PUBLICATION.—Not fewer than 14 days  
20 prior to the date on which the commission posts  
21 and publishes the preliminary plan under this  
22 paragraph, the commission shall notify the pub-  
23 lic through the website maintained under sub-  
24 section (a)(2), as well as through publication of  
25 notice in newspapers of general circulation

1 throughout the State, of the pending publica-  
2 tion of the plan.

3 (4) MINIMUM POST-PUBLICATION PERIOD FOR  
4 PUBLIC COMMENT.—The commission shall accept  
5 and consider comments from the public (including  
6 through the website maintained under subsection  
7 (a)(2)) with respect to the preliminary redistricting  
8 plan published under paragraph (3), including pro-  
9 posed revisions to maps, for not fewer than 30 days  
10 after the date on which the plan is published.

11 (5) POST-PUBLICATION HEARINGS.—

12 (A) 3 HEARINGS REQUIRED.—After post-  
13 ing and publishing the preliminary redistricting  
14 plan under paragraph (3), the commission shall  
15 hold not fewer than 3 public hearings in dif-  
16 ferent geographic areas of the State at which  
17 members of the public may provide input and  
18 comments regarding the preliminary plan.

19 (B) MINIMUM PERIOD FOR NOTICE PRIOR  
20 TO HEARINGS.—Not fewer than 14 days prior  
21 to the date of each hearing held under this  
22 paragraph, the commission shall post notices of  
23 the hearing on the website maintained under  
24 subsection (a)(2), and shall provide for the pub-  
25 lication of such notices in newspapers of general

1           circulation throughout the State. Each such no-  
2           tice shall specify the date, time, and location of  
3           the hearing.

4           (6) PERMITTING MULTIPLE PRELIMINARY  
5           PLANS.—At the option of the commission, after de-  
6           veloping and publishing the preliminary redistricting  
7           plan under this subsection, the commission may de-  
8           velop and publish subsequent preliminary redis-  
9           tricting plans, so long as the process for the develop-  
10          ment and publication of each such subsequent plan  
11          meets the requirements set forth in this subsection  
12          for the development and publication of the first pre-  
13          liminary redistricting plan.

14          (c) PROCESS FOR ENACTMENT OF FINAL REDIS-  
15          TRICTING PLAN.—

16           (1) IN GENERAL.—After taking into consider-  
17          ation comments from the public on any preliminary  
18          redistricting plan developed and published under  
19          subsection (b), the independent redistricting commis-  
20          sion of a State shall develop and publish a final re-  
21          districting plan for the State.

22           (2) MEETING; FINAL VOTE.—Not later than the  
23          deadline specified in subsection (e), the commission  
24          shall hold a public hearing at which the members of

1 the commission shall vote on approving the final  
2 plan for enactment into law.

3 (3) PUBLICATION OF PLAN AND ACCOMPANYING  
4 MATERIALS.—Not fewer than 14 days before the  
5 date of the meeting under paragraph (2), the com-  
6 mission shall provide the following information to  
7 the public through the website maintained under  
8 subsection (a)(2), as well as through newspapers of  
9 general circulation throughout the State:

10 (A) The final redistricting plan, including  
11 all relevant maps.

12 (B) A report by the commission to accom-  
13 pany the plan which provides the background  
14 for the plan and the commission's reasons for  
15 selecting the plan as the final redistricting plan,  
16 including responses to the public comments re-  
17 ceived on any preliminary redistricting plan de-  
18 veloped and published under subsection (b).

19 (C) Any dissenting or additional views with  
20 respect to the plan of individual members of the  
21 commission.

22 (4) ENACTMENT.—Subject to paragraph (5),  
23 the final redistricting plan developed and published  
24 under this subsection shall be deemed to be enacted

1       into law upon the expiration of the 45-day period  
2       which begins on the date on which—

3               (A) such final plan is approved by a major-  
4               ity of the whole membership of the commission;  
5               and

6               (B) at least one member of the commission  
7               appointed from each of the categories of the ap-  
8               proved selection pool described in section  
9               202(b)(1) approves such final plan.

10       (5) REVIEW BY DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.—

11               (A) REQUIRING SUBMISSION OF PLAN FOR  
12               REVIEW.—The final redistricting plan shall not  
13               be deemed to be enacted into law unless the  
14               State submits the plan to the Department of  
15               Justice for an administrative review to deter-  
16               mine if the plan is in compliance with the cri-  
17               teria described in subsections (b) and (c) of sec-  
18               tion 103.

19               (B) TERMINATION OF REVIEW.—The De-  
20               partment of Justice shall terminate any admin-  
21               istrative review under subparagraph (A) if, dur-  
22               ing the 45-day period which begins on the date  
23               the plan is enacted into law, an action is filed  
24               in a United States district court alleging that  
25               the plan is not in compliance with the criteria

1 described in subsections (b) and (c) of section  
2 103.

3 (d) WRITTEN EVALUATION OF PLAN AGAINST EX-  
4 TERNAL METRICS.—The independent redistricting com-  
5 mission shall include with each redistricting plan devel-  
6 oped and published under this section a written evaluation  
7 that measures each such plan against external metrics  
8 which cover the criteria set forth in section 103(a), includ-  
9 ing the impact of the plan on the ability of communities  
10 of color to elect candidates of choice, measures of partisan  
11 fairness using multiple accepted methodologies, and the  
12 degree to which the plan preserves or divides communities  
13 of interest.

14 (e) TIMING.—The independent redistricting commis-  
15 sion of a State may begin its work on the redistricting  
16 plan of the State upon receipt of relevant population infor-  
17 mation from the Bureau of the Census, and shall approve  
18 a final redistricting plan for the State in each year ending  
19 in the numeral one not later than 8 months after the date  
20 on which the State receives the State apportionment notice  
21 or October 1, whichever occurs later.

22 **SEC. 204. ESTABLISHMENT OF RELATED ENTITIES.**

23 (a) ESTABLISHMENT OR DESIGNATION OF NON-  
24 PARTISAN AGENCY OF STATE LEGISLATURE.—

1           (1) IN GENERAL.—Each State shall establish a  
2           nonpartisan agency in the legislative branch of the  
3           State government to appoint the members of the  
4           independent redistricting commission for the State  
5           in accordance with section 201.

6           (2) NONPARTISANSHIP DESCRIBED.—For pur-  
7           poses of this subsection, an agency shall be consid-  
8           ered to be nonpartisan if under law the agency—

9                   (A) is required to provide services on a  
10           nonpartisan basis;

11                   (B) is required to maintain impartiality;  
12           and

13                   (C) is prohibited from advocating for the  
14           adoption or rejection of any legislative proposal.

15           (3) TRAINING OF MEMBERS APPOINTED TO  
16           COMMISSION.—Not later than January 15 of a year  
17           ending in the numeral one, the nonpartisan agency  
18           established or designated under this subsection shall  
19           provide the members of the independent redistricting  
20           commission with initial training on their obligations  
21           as members of the commission, including obligations  
22           under the Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C.  
23           10301 et seq.) and other applicable laws.

24           (4) REGULATIONS.—The nonpartisan agency  
25           established or designated under this subsection shall

1       adopt and publish regulations, after notice and op-  
2       portunity for comment, establishing the procedures  
3       that the agency will follow in fulfilling its duties  
4       under this Act, including the procedures to be used  
5       in vetting the qualifications and political affiliation  
6       of applicants and in creating the selection pools, the  
7       randomized process to be used in selecting the initial  
8       members of the independent redistricting commis-  
9       sion, and the rules that the agency will apply to en-  
10      sure that the agency carries out its duties under this  
11      Act in a maximally transparent, publicly accessible,  
12      and impartial manner.

13           (5) DESIGNATION OF EXISTING AGENCY.—At  
14      its option, a State may designate an existing agency  
15      in the legislative branch of its government to appoint  
16      the members of the independent redistricting com-  
17      mission plan for the State under this Act, so long  
18      as the agency meets the requirements for non-  
19      partisanship under this subsection.

20           (6) TERMINATION OF AGENCY SPECIFICALLY  
21      ESTABLISHED FOR REDISTRICTING.—If a State does  
22      not designate an existing agency under paragraph  
23      (5) but instead establishes a new agency to serve as  
24      the nonpartisan agency under this section, the new



1       agency shall terminate upon the enactment into law  
2       of the redistricting plan for the State.

3           (7) PRESERVATION OF RECORDS.—The State  
4       shall ensure that the records of the nonpartisan  
5       agency are retained in the appropriate State archive  
6       in such manner as may be necessary to enable the  
7       State to respond to any civil action brought with re-  
8       spect to congressional redistricting in the State.

9           (8) DEADLINE.—The State shall meet the re-  
10      quirements of this subsection not later than each  
11      October 15 of a year ending in the numeral nine.

12      (b) ESTABLISHMENT OF SELECT COMMITTEE ON RE-  
13      DISTRICTING.—

14           (1) IN GENERAL.—Each State shall appoint a  
15      Select Committee on Redistricting to approve or dis-  
16      approve a selection pool developed by the inde-  
17      pendent redistricting commission for the State under  
18      section 202.

19           (2) APPOINTMENT.—The Select Committee on  
20      Redistricting for a State under this subsection shall  
21      consist of the following members:

22           (A) One member of the upper house of the  
23           State legislature, who shall be appointed by the  
24           leader of the party with the greatest number of  
25           seats in the upper house.

1 (B) One member of the upper house of the  
2 State legislature, who shall be appointed by the  
3 leader of the party with the second greatest  
4 number of seats in the upper house.

5 (C) One member of the lower house of the  
6 State legislature, who shall be appointed by the  
7 leader of the party with the greatest number of  
8 seats in the lower house.

9 (D) One member of the lower house of the  
10 State legislature, who shall be appointed by the  
11 leader of the party with the second greatest  
12 number of seats in the lower house.

13 (3) SPECIAL RULE FOR STATES WITH UNICAM-  
14 ERAL LEGISLATURE.—In the case of a State with a  
15 unicameral legislature, the Select Committee on Re-  
16 districting for the State under this subsection shall  
17 consist of the following members:

18 (A) Two members of the State legislature  
19 appointed by the chair of the political party of  
20 the State whose candidate received the highest  
21 percentage of votes in the most recent statewide  
22 election for Federal office held in the State.

23 (B) Two members of the State legislature  
24 appointed by the chair of the political party  
25 whose candidate received the second highest

1 percentage of votes in the most recent statewide  
2 election for Federal office held in the State.

3 (4) DEADLINE.—The State shall meet the re-  
4 quirements of this subsection not later than each  
5 January 15 of a year ending in the numeral zero.

6 (5) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this  
7 subsection may be construed to prohibit the leader  
8 of any political party in a legislature from appoint-  
9 ment to the Select Committee on Redistricting.

10 **SEC. 205. REPORT ON DIVERSITY OF MEMBERSHIPS OF**  
11 **INDEPENDENT REDISTRICTING COMMIS-**  
12 **SIONS.**

13 Not later than May 15 of a year ending in the nu-  
14 meral one, the Comptroller General of the United States  
15 shall submit to Congress a report on the extent to which  
16 the memberships of independent redistricting commissions  
17 for States established under this title with respect to the  
18 immediately preceding year ending in the numeral zero  
19 meet the diversity requirements as provided for in sections  
20 201(a)(2)(B) and 202(b)(2).

1 **TITLE III—ROLE OF COURTS IN**  
2 **DEVELOPMENT OF REDIS-**  
3 **TRICTING PLANS**

4 **SEC. 301. FAILURE BY STATE TO ENACT PLAN.**

5 (a) DEADLINE FOR ENACTMENT OF PLAN.—Each  
6 State shall enact a final congressional redistricting plan  
7 following transmission of a notice of apportionment to the  
8 President by the earliest of—

9 (1) the deadline set forth in State law;

10 (2) February 15 of the year in which regularly  
11 scheduled general elections for Federal office are  
12 held in the State; or

13 (3) 90 days before the date of the next regu-  
14 larly scheduled primary election for Federal office  
15 held in the State.

16 (b) DEVELOPMENT OF PLAN BY COURT IN CASE OF  
17 MISSED DEADLINE.—If a State has not enacted a final  
18 congressional redistricting plan by the applicable deadline  
19 under subsection (a), or it appears likely that a State will  
20 fail to enact a final congressional redistricting plan by  
21 such deadline—

22 (1) any citizen of the State may file an action  
23 in the United States district court for the applicable  
24 venue asking the district court to assume jurisdic-  
25 tion;

1           (2) the United States district court for the ap-  
2           plicable venue, acting through a 3-judge court con-  
3           vened pursuant to section 2284 of title 28, United  
4           States Code, shall have the exclusive authority to de-  
5           velop and publish the congressional redistricting  
6           plan for the State; and

7           (3) the final congressional redistricting plan de-  
8           veloped and published by the court under this sec-  
9           tion shall be deemed to be enacted on the date on  
10          which the court publishes the final congressional re-  
11          districting plan, as described in subsection (e).

12          (c) APPLICABLE VENUE.—For purposes of this sec-  
13          tion, the “applicable venue” with respect to a State is the  
14          District of Columbia or the judicial district in which the  
15          capital of the State is located, as selected by the first party  
16          to file with the court sufficient evidence that a State has  
17          failed to, or is reasonably likely to fail to, enact a final  
18          redistricting plan for the State prior to the expiration of  
19          the applicable deadline set forth in subsection (a).

20          (d) PROCEDURES FOR DEVELOPMENT OF PLAN.—

21               (1) CRITERIA.—In developing a redistricting  
22               plan for a State under this section, the court shall  
23               adhere to the same terms and conditions that ap-  
24               plied (or that would have applied, as the case may

1 be) to the development of a plan by the State under  
2 section 103.

3 (2) ACCESS TO INFORMATION AND RECORDS.—

4 The court shall have access to any information,  
5 data, software, or other records and material that  
6 was used (or that would have been used, as the case  
7 may be) by the State in carrying out its duties  
8 under this title.

9 (3) HEARING; PUBLIC PARTICIPATION.—In de-  
10 veloping a redistricting plan for a State, the court  
11 shall—

12 (A) hold one or more evidentiary hearings  
13 at which interested members of the public may  
14 appear and be heard and present testimony, in-  
15 cluding expert testimony, in accordance with  
16 the rules of the court; and

17 (B) consider other submissions and com-  
18 ments by the public, including proposals for re-  
19 districting plans to cover the entire State or  
20 any portion of the State.

21 (4) USE OF SPECIAL MASTER.—To assist in the  
22 development and publication of a redistricting plan  
23 for a State under this section, the court may appoint  
24 a special master to make recommendations to the  
25 court on possible plans for the State.

1 (e) PUBLICATION OF PLAN.—

2 (1) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY OF INITIAL PLAN.—

3 Upon completing the development of one or more  
4 initial redistricting plans, the court shall make the  
5 plans available to the public at no cost, and shall  
6 also make available the underlying data used to de-  
7 velop the plans and a written evaluation of the plans  
8 against external metrics (as described in section  
9 203(d)).

10 (2) PUBLICATION OF FINAL PLAN.—At any  
11 time after the expiration of the 14-day period which  
12 begins on the date the court makes the plans avail-  
13 able to the public under paragraph (1), and taking  
14 into consideration any submissions and comments by  
15 the public which are received during such period, the  
16 court shall develop and publish the final redistricting  
17 plan for the State.

18 (f) USE OF INTERIM PLAN.—In the event that the  
19 court is not able to develop and publish a final redis-  
20 tricting plan for the State with sufficient time for an up-  
21 coming election to proceed, the court may develop and  
22 publish an interim redistricting plan which shall serve as  
23 the redistricting plan for the State until the court develops  
24 and publishes a final plan in accordance with this section.  
25 Nothing in this subsection may be construed to limit or

1 otherwise affect the authority or discretion of the court  
2 to develop and publish the final redistricting plan, includ-  
3 ing the discretion to make any changes the court deems  
4 necessary to an interim redistricting plan.

5 (g) APPEALS.—Review on appeal of any final or in-  
6 terim plan adopted by the court in accordance with this  
7 section shall be governed by the appellate process in sec-  
8 tion 402.

9 (h) STAY OF STATE PROCEEDINGS.—The filing of an  
10 action under this section shall act as a stay of any pro-  
11 ceedings in State court with respect to the State’s congres-  
12 sional redistricting plan unless otherwise ordered by the  
13 court.

14 **SEC. 302. SPECIAL RULE FOR REDISTRICTING CONDUCTED**  
15 **UNDER ORDER OF FEDERAL COURT.**

16 If a Federal court requires a State to conduct redis-  
17 tricting subsequent to an apportionment of Representa-  
18 tives in the State in order to comply with the Constitution  
19 or to enforce the Voting Rights Act of 1965, section 203  
20 shall apply with respect to the redistricting, except that  
21 the court may revise any of the deadlines set forth in such  
22 section if the court determines that a revision is appro-  
23 priate in order to provide for a timely enactment of a new  
24 redistricting plan for the State.



1 **TITLE IV—ADMINISTRATIVE AND**  
2 **MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS**

3 **SEC. 401. PAYMENTS TO STATES FOR CARRYING OUT RE-**  
4 **DISTRICTING.**

5 (a) AUTHORIZATION OF PAYMENTS.—Subject to sub-  
6 section (d), not later than 30 days after a State receives  
7 a State apportionment notice, the Election Assistance  
8 Commission shall, subject to the availability of appropria-  
9 tions provided pursuant to subsection (e), make a payment  
10 to the State in an amount equal to the product of—

11 (1) the number of Representatives to which the  
12 State is entitled, as provided under the notice; and

13 (2) \$150,000.

14 (b) USE OF FUNDS.—A State shall use the payment  
15 made under this section to establish and operate the  
16 State’s independent redistricting commission, to imple-  
17 ment the State redistricting plan, and to otherwise carry  
18 out congressional redistricting in the State.

19 (c) NO PAYMENT TO STATES WITH SINGLE MEM-  
20 BER.—The Election Assistance Commission shall not  
21 make a payment under this section to any State which  
22 is not entitled to more than one Representative under its  
23 State apportionment notice.

24 (d) REQUIRING SUBMISSION OF SELECTION POOL AS  
25 CONDITION OF PAYMENT.—

1           (1) REQUIREMENT.—Except as provided in  
2           paragraph (2) and paragraph (3), the Election As-  
3           sistance Commission may not make a payment to a  
4           State under this section until the State certifies to  
5           the Commission that the nonpartisan agency estab-  
6           lished or designated by a State under section 204(a)  
7           has, in accordance with section 202(b)(1), submitted  
8           a selection pool to the Select Committee on Redis-  
9           tricting for the State established under section  
10          204(b).

11          (2) EXCEPTION FOR STATES WITH EXISTING  
12          COMMISSIONS.—In the case of a State which, pursu-  
13          ant to section 101(c), is exempt from the require-  
14          ments of section 101(a), the Commission may not  
15          make a payment to the State under this section until  
16          the State certifies to the Commission that its redis-  
17          tricting commission meets the requirements of sec-  
18          tion 101(c).

19          (3) EXCEPTION FOR STATE OF IOWA.—In the  
20          case of the State of Iowa, the Commission may not  
21          make a payment to the State under this section until  
22          the State certifies to the Commission that it will  
23          carry out congressional redistricting pursuant to the  
24          State's apportionment notice in accordance with a  
25          plan developed by the Iowa Legislative Services

1       Agency with the assistance of a Temporary Redis-  
2       tricting Advisory Commission, as provided under the  
3       law described in section 101(d).

4       (e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There  
5       are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be  
6       necessary for payments under this section.

7       **SEC. 402. CIVIL ENFORCEMENT.**

8       (a) CIVIL ENFORCEMENT.—

9               (1) ACTIONS BY ATTORNEY GENERAL.—The At-  
10       torney General may bring a civil action for such re-  
11       lief as may be appropriate to carry out this Act.

12              (2) AVAILABILITY OF PRIVATE RIGHT OF AC-  
13       TION.—Any citizen of a State who is aggrieved by  
14       the failure of the State to meet the requirements of  
15       the Constitution or Federal law, including this Act,  
16       with respect to the State's congressional redis-  
17       tricting, may bring a civil action in the United  
18       States district court for the applicable venue for  
19       such relief as may be appropriate to remedy the fail-  
20       ure.

21              (3) DELIVERY OF COMPLAINT TO HOUSE AND  
22       SENATE.—In any action brought under this section,  
23       a copy of the complaint shall be delivered promptly  
24       to the Clerk of the House of Representatives and the  
25       Secretary of the Senate.

1           (4) EXCLUSIVE JURISDICTION AND APPLICABLE  
2       VENUE.—The district courts of the United States  
3       shall have exclusive jurisdiction to hear and deter-  
4       mine claims asserting that a congressional redistricting  
5       plan violates the requirements of the Con-  
6       stitution or Federal law, including this Act. The ap-  
7       plicable venue for such an action shall be the United  
8       States District Court for the District of Columbia or  
9       for the judicial district in which the capital of the  
10      State is located, as selected by the person bringing  
11      the action, except that the applicable venue for a  
12      civil action that includes a claim that a redistricting  
13      plan is in violation of section 103(c) shall be the  
14      District of Columbia.

15          (5) USE OF 3-JUDGE COURT.—If an action  
16      under this section raises statewide claims under the  
17      Constitution or this Act, the action shall be heard by  
18      a 3-judge court convened pursuant to section 2284  
19      of title 28, United States Code.

20          (6) REVIEW OF FINAL DECISION.—A final deci-  
21      sion in an action brought under this section shall be  
22      reviewable on appeal by the United States Court of  
23      Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit. There  
24      shall be no right of appeal in such proceedings to  
25      any other court of appeals. Such appeal shall be

1       taken by the filing of a notice of appeal within 10  
2       days of the entry of the final decision. A final deci-  
3       sion by the Court of Appeals may be reviewed by the  
4       Supreme Court of the United States by writ of cer-  
5       tiorari.

6       (b) EXPEDITED CONSIDERATION.—In any action  
7       brought under this section, it shall be the duty of the dis-  
8       trict court, the United States Court of Appeals for the  
9       District of Columbia Circuit, and the Supreme Court of  
10      the United States (if it chooses to hear the action) to ad-  
11      vance on the docket and to expedite to the greatest pos-  
12      sible extent the disposition of the action and appeal.

13      (c) REMEDIES.—

14           (1) ADOPTION OF REPLACEMENT PLAN.—

15           (A) IN GENERAL.—If the district court in  
16           an action under this section finds that the con-  
17           gressional redistricting plan of a State violates,  
18           in whole or in part, the requirements of this  
19           Act—

20                   (i) the court shall adopt a replacement  
21                   congressional redistricting plan for the  
22                   State in accordance with the process set  
23                   forth in section 301; or

24                   (ii) if circumstances warrant and no  
25                   delay to an upcoming regularly scheduled

1 election for the House of Representatives  
2 in the State would result, the district  
3 court, in its discretion, may allow a State  
4 to develop and propose a remedial congress-  
5 sional redistricting plan for review by the  
6 court to determine whether the plan is in  
7 compliance with this Act, except that—

8 (I) the State may not develop  
9 and propose a remedial plan under  
10 this clause if the court determines  
11 that the congressional redistricting  
12 plan of the State was enacted with  
13 discriminatory intent in violation of  
14 the Constitution or section 103(b);  
15 and

16 (II) nothing in this clause may be  
17 construed to permit a State to use  
18 such a remedial plan which has not  
19 been approved by the court.

20 (B) PROHIBITING USE OF PLANS IN VIOLA-  
21 TION OF REQUIREMENTS.—No court shall order  
22 a State to use a congressional redistricting plan  
23 which violates, in whole or in part, the require-  
24 ments of this Act, or to conduct an election

1 under terms and conditions which violate, in  
2 whole or in part, the requirements of this Act.

3 (C) SPECIAL RULE IN CASE FINAL ADJU-  
4 DICATION NOT EXPECTED WITHIN 3 MONTHS  
5 OF ELECTION.—If final adjudication of an ac-  
6 tion under this section is not reasonably ex-  
7 pected to be completed at least 3 months prior  
8 to the next regularly scheduled primary election  
9 for the House of Representatives in the State,  
10 the district court shall, as the balance of equi-  
11 ties warrant—

12 (i) develop, adopt, and order the use  
13 of an interim congressional redistricting  
14 plan in accordance with section 301(f) to  
15 address any claims under this Act for  
16 which a party seeking relief has dem-  
17 onstrated a substantial likelihood of suc-  
18 cess; and

19 (ii) order adjustments to the timing of  
20 primary elections for the House of Rep-  
21 resentatives and other related deadlines, as  
22 needed, to allow sufficient opportunity for  
23 adjudication of the matter and adoption of  
24 a remedial or replacement plan for use in

1                   the next regularly scheduled general elec-  
2                   tions for the House of Representatives.

3           (2) NO STAY PENDING APPEAL.—Notwith-  
4           standing the appeal of an order finding that a con-  
5           gressional redistricting plan of a State violates, in  
6           whole or in part, the requirements of this Act, no  
7           stay shall issue which shall bar the development or  
8           adoption of a replacement or remedial plan under  
9           this subsection, as may be directed by the district  
10          court, pending such appeal. If such a replacement or  
11          remedial plan has been adopted, no appellate court  
12          may stay or otherwise enjoin the use of such plan  
13          during the pendency of an appeal, except upon an  
14          order holding, based on the record, that adoption of  
15          such plan was an abuse of discretion.

16          (3) SPECIAL AUTHORITY OF COURT OF AP-  
17          PEALS.—

18                (A) ORDERING OF NEW REMEDIAL  
19                PLAN.—If, upon consideration of an appeal  
20                under this title, the Court of Appeals deter-  
21                mines that a plan does not comply with the re-  
22                quirements of this Act, it shall direct that the  
23                District Court promptly develop a new remedial  
24                plan with assistance of a special master for con-  
25                sideration by the Court of Appeals.



1 (B) FAILURE OF DISTRICT COURT TO  
2 TAKE TIMELY ACTION.—If, at any point during  
3 the pendency of an action under this section,  
4 the District Court fails to take action necessary  
5 to permit resolution of the case prior to the  
6 next regularly scheduled election for the House  
7 of Representatives in the State or fails to grant  
8 the relief described in paragraph (1)(C), any  
9 party may seek a writ of mandamus from the  
10 Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia  
11 Circuit. The Court of Appeals shall have juris-  
12 diction over the motion for a writ of mandamus  
13 and shall establish an expedited briefing and  
14 hearing schedule for resolution of the motion. If  
15 the Court of Appeals determines that a writ  
16 should be granted, the Court of Appeals shall  
17 take any action necessary, including developing  
18 a congressional redistricting plan with assist-  
19 ance of a special master to ensure that a reme-  
20 dial plan is adopted in time for use in the next  
21 regularly scheduled election for the House of  
22 Representatives in the State.

23 (4) EFFECT OF ENACTMENT OF REPLACEMENT  
24 PLAN.—A State’s enactment of a redistricting plan  
25 which replaces a plan which is the subject of an ac-

1       tion under this section shall not be construed to  
2       limit or otherwise affect the authority of the court  
3       to adjudicate or grant relief with respect to any  
4       claims or issues not addressed by the replacement  
5       plan, including claims that the plan which is the  
6       subject of the action was enacted, in whole or in  
7       part, with discriminatory intent, or claims to con-  
8       sider whether relief should be granted under section  
9       3(c) of the Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C.  
10      10302(c)) based on the plan which is the subject of  
11      the action.

12      (d) ATTORNEY'S FEES.—In a civil action under this  
13      section, the court may allow the prevailing party (other  
14      than the United States) reasonable attorney fees, includ-  
15      ing litigation expenses, and costs.

16      (e) RELATION TO OTHER LAWS.—

17           (1) RIGHTS AND REMEDIES ADDITIONAL TO  
18      OTHER RIGHTS AND REMEDIES.—The rights and  
19      remedies established by this section are in addition  
20      to all other rights and remedies provided by law, and  
21      neither the rights and remedies established by this  
22      section nor any other provision of this Act shall su-  
23      persede, restrict, or limit the application of the Vot-  
24      ing Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. 10301 et seq.).

1           (2) VOTING RIGHTS ACT OF 1965.—Nothing in  
2       this Act authorizes or requires conduct that is pro-  
3       hibited by the Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C.  
4       10301 et seq.).

5       (f) LEGISLATIVE PRIVILEGE.—No person, legisla-  
6       ture, or State may claim legislative privilege under either  
7       State or Federal law in a civil action brought under this  
8       section or in any other legal challenge, under either State  
9       or Federal law, to a redistricting plan enacted under this  
10      Act.

11      (g) REMOVAL.—

12           (1) IN GENERAL.—At any time, a civil action  
13      brought in a State court which asserts a claim for  
14      which the district courts of the United States have  
15      exclusive jurisdiction under this title may be re-  
16      moved by any party in the case, including an inter-  
17      venor, by filing, in the district court for an applica-  
18      ble venue under this section, a notice of removal  
19      signed pursuant to Rule 11 of the Federal Rules of  
20      Civil Procedure containing a short and plain state-  
21      ment of the grounds for removal. Consent of parties  
22      shall not be required for removal.

23           (2) CLAIMS NOT WITHIN THE ORIGINAL OR  
24      SUPPLEMENTAL JURISDICTION.—If a civil action re-  
25      moved in accordance with paragraph (1) contains

1       claims not within the original or supplemental juris-  
2       diction of the district court, the district court shall  
3       sever all such claims and remand them to the State  
4       court from which the action was removed.

5   **SEC. 403. STATE APPORTIONMENT NOTICE DEFINED.**

6       In this Act, the “State apportionment notice” means,  
7       with respect to a State, the notice sent to the State from  
8       the Clerk of the House of Representatives under section  
9       22(b) of the Act entitled “An Act to provide for the fif-  
10      teenth and subsequent decennial censuses and to provide  
11      for an apportionment of Representatives in Congress”, ap-  
12      proved June 18, 1929 (2 U.S.C. 2a), of the number of  
13      Representatives to which the State is entitled.

14   **SEC. 404. NO EFFECT ON ELECTIONS FOR STATE AND**  
15               **LOCAL OFFICE.**

16      Nothing in this Act or in any amendment made by  
17      this Act may be construed to affect the manner in which  
18      a State carries out elections for State or local office, in-  
19      cluding the process by which a State establishes the dis-  
20      tricts used in such elections.

21   **SEC. 405. EFFECTIVE DATE.**

22      Except as provided in section 102, this Act and the  
23      amendments made by this Act shall apply with respect to  
24      redistricting carried out pursuant to the decennial census

1 conducted during 2030 or any succeeding decennial cen-  
2 sus.